



Kentucky Economic Update

July 22, 2016

Summary

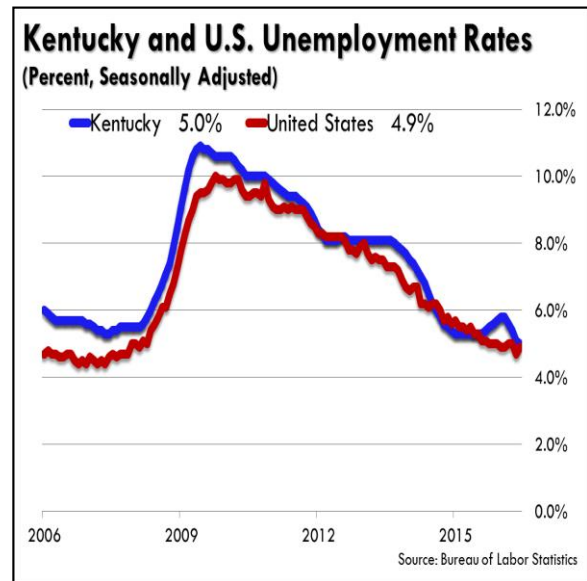
Nonfarm payroll employment in Kentucky increased by 1,800 jobs and the unemployment rate fell to 5.0 percent in June according to data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

Kentucky Unemployment Rate

During June, the unemployment rate in Kentucky declined by 0.1 percentage point to 5.0 percent. The number of people counted as unemployed fell by 1,889 in June to 99,341, while the labor force fell by 6,448 to 1,973,887. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 30 posted lower unemployment rates for the month than Kentucky. A year earlier, the unemployment rate in Kentucky stood at 5.3 percent.

The 10 year peak for the unemployment rate in Kentucky was 10.9 percent in June 2009. The series high for the unemployment rate in Kentucky occurred in February 1983 when the unemployment rate reached 12.1 percent. The 10 year low for the unemployment rate in Kentucky was 5.0 percent in June 2016. The series low for the unemployment rate in Kentucky occurred in May 2000 when the unemployment rate reached 4.0 percent. BLS began publishing the state unemployment rate series in 1976.

The national unemployment rate rose by 0.2 percentage point to 4.9 percent in June. June's unemployment rate was 0.4 percentage point lower than a year earlier. The 10-year high for the national unemployment rate was 10.0 percent in October 2009. The 10-year low was 4.4 percent in May 2007.



Kentucky Payroll Employment

Kentucky nonfarm payrolls increased by 1,800 jobs, or 0.09 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during June. In the prior month, nonfarm payrolls declined by 300. Over the past 12 months nonfarm payrolls in Kentucky increased by 22,500, or 1.19 percent. Kentucky nonfarm payroll employment has increased in 8 of the past 12 months.

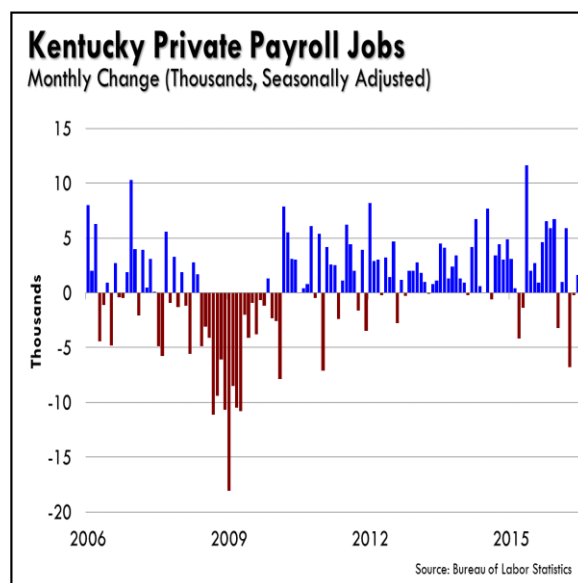
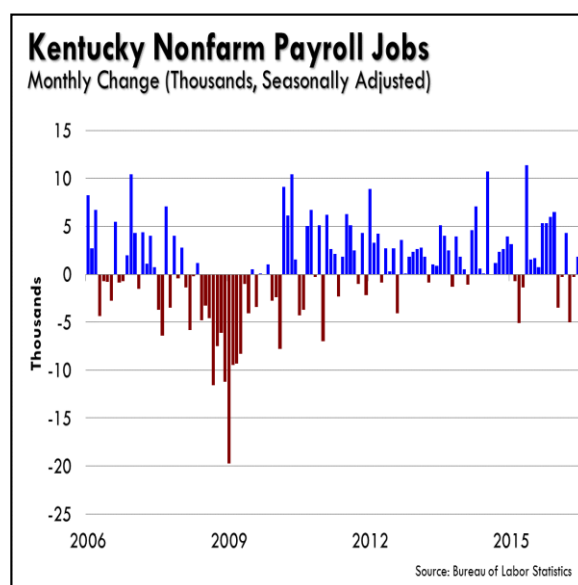
Nationally, nonfarm payrolls increased by 287,000 jobs in June, or 0.2 percent. Over the 12-month period ending June 2016 nonfarm payrolls grew by 2,451,000 jobs, or 1.73 percent. Kentucky ranks 30th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During June, Kentucky private sector payrolls increased by 1,600, or 0.10 percent. Private sector payrolls declined by 200 jobs in the prior month. Over the past 12 months, private sector payrolls in Kentucky increased by 25,600, or 1.64 percent. Kentucky private sector payroll employment has increased in 9 of the past 12 months.

Nationally private-sector payroll jobs increased by 265,000 jobs in 1.73, or 0.22 percent. Over the past 12 months, the nation's economy has added 2,322,000 jobs in the private sector, an increase of 1.94 percent.

Kentucky ranks 25th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in private sector payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During June, total government payroll employment in Kentucky increased by 200, or 0.06 percent. Federal government payroll employment increased by 400, or 1.09 percent. State government payroll employment declined by 700, or 0.72 percent, while local government payroll employment increased by 500, or 0.28 percent.



Over the past year, total government payroll employment declined by 3,100, or 0.97 percent. State government payroll employment declined by 3,600, or 3.61 percent. Local government payroll employment declined by 100, or 0.05 percent.

The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during June were Construction (+1,300) and Professional & Business Services (+1,100). The poorest performing sectors during the month were Leisure & Hospitality (-1,400) and Trade, Transportation & Utilities (-1,000).

The best performing sectors during the last twelve months were Trade, Transportation & Utilities (+10,500) and Educational & Health Services (+8,700). The poorest performing sectors for the year were Total Government (-3,100) and Mining & Logging (-2,900).

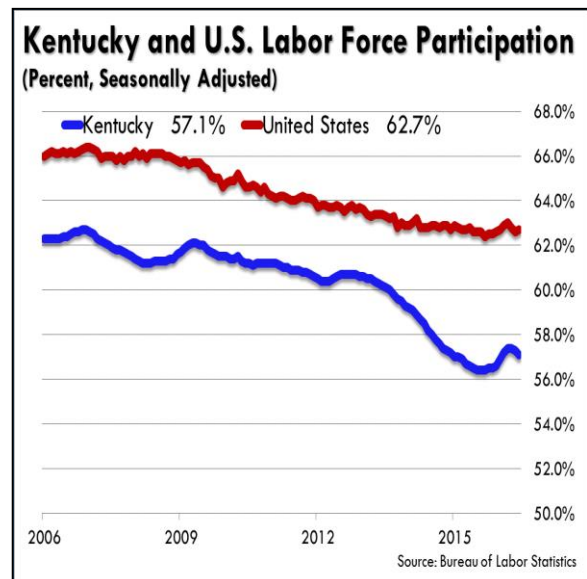
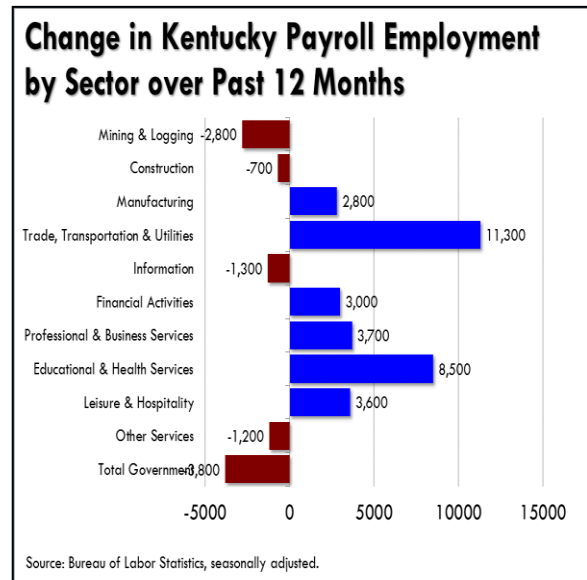
Other Kentucky Labor Force Statistics

The labor force participation rate in Kentucky declined to 57.1 percent in June from 57.3 percent the prior month. At 57.1 percent, Kentucky has one of the five lowest labor force participation rates in the nation. The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.

The 10 year high for the labor force participation rate in Kentucky was 62.7 percent in December 2006. The series high for the labor force participation rate in Kentucky occurred in August 1999 when the labor force participation rate hit 64.1 percent. The 10 year low for the labor force participation rate was 56.4 percent in September 2015. This also represents the series low for the labor force participation rate in Kentucky.

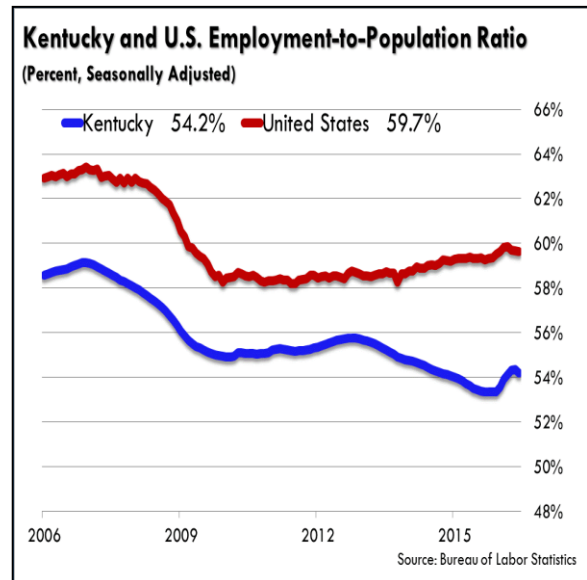
The national labor force participation rate rose by 0.1 percentage point to 62.7 percent in June, but remains near its 38-year low of 62.4 percent.

The employment-to-population ratio, or the percentage of the Kentucky civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years and older counted as employed, declined to 54.2



percent in June from 54.4 percent the prior month. At 54.2 percent, Kentucky has one of the five lowest employment-to-population ratios in the nation. The employment-to-population ratio in Kentucky is 0.7 percentage point higher than a year earlier.

The 10 year high for the employment-to-population ratio in Kentucky was 59.1 percent in January 2007. The series high for the employment-to-population ratio in Kentucky occurred in April 2000 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 61.3 percent. The 10 year low for the employment-to-population ratio was 53.3 percent in November 2015. The series low for the employment-to-population ratio occurred in December 2015 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 53.3 percent.



The national employment-to-population ratio declined by 0.1 percentage point to 59.6 percent in June. That rate was 0.3 percentage point higher than a year earlier. The all-time high for the employment-to-population ratio was 64.7 in April 2000. The 10-year high for the employment-to-population ratio was 63.4 percent in December 2006. The recent low occurred in October 2013 when the employment-to-population ratio dipped to 58.2 percent. The last time the employment-to-population ratio posted a reading lower than 58.2 percent was July 1983.

State employment and unemployment data for July is scheduled for release on August 19, 2016. The national employment situation report for July will be released on Friday, August 5, 2016.